

# Low Energy Elastic Scattering

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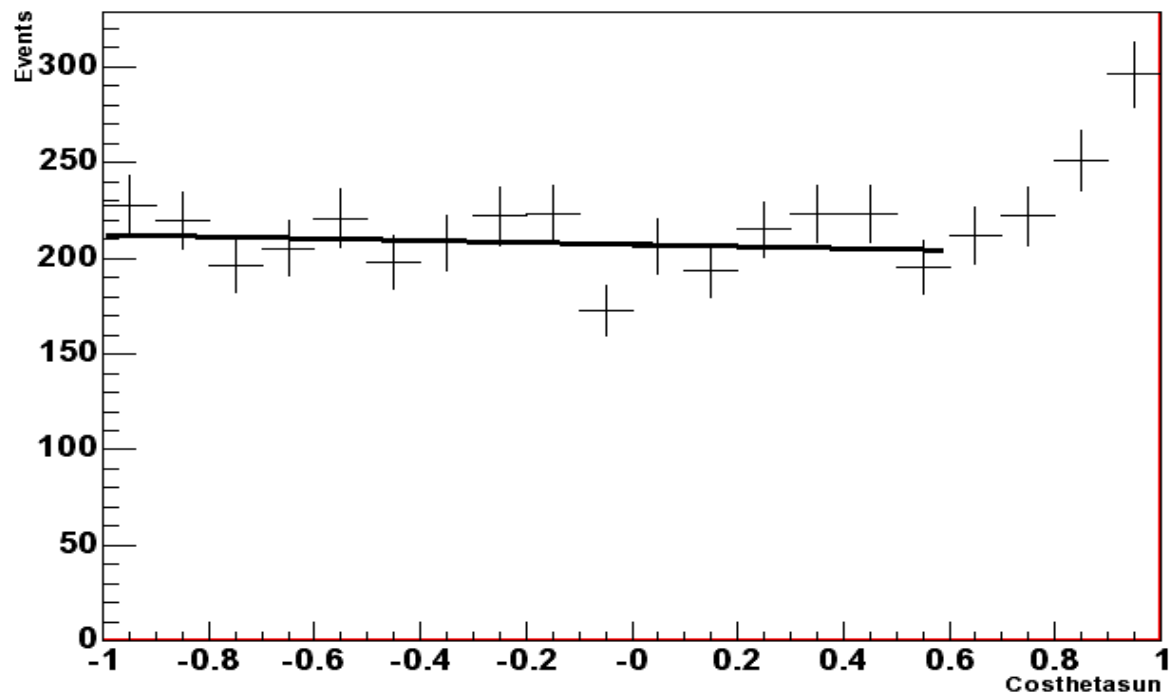
Queen's University

Undergraduate Thesis:

# Signal Extraction By Bin Counting

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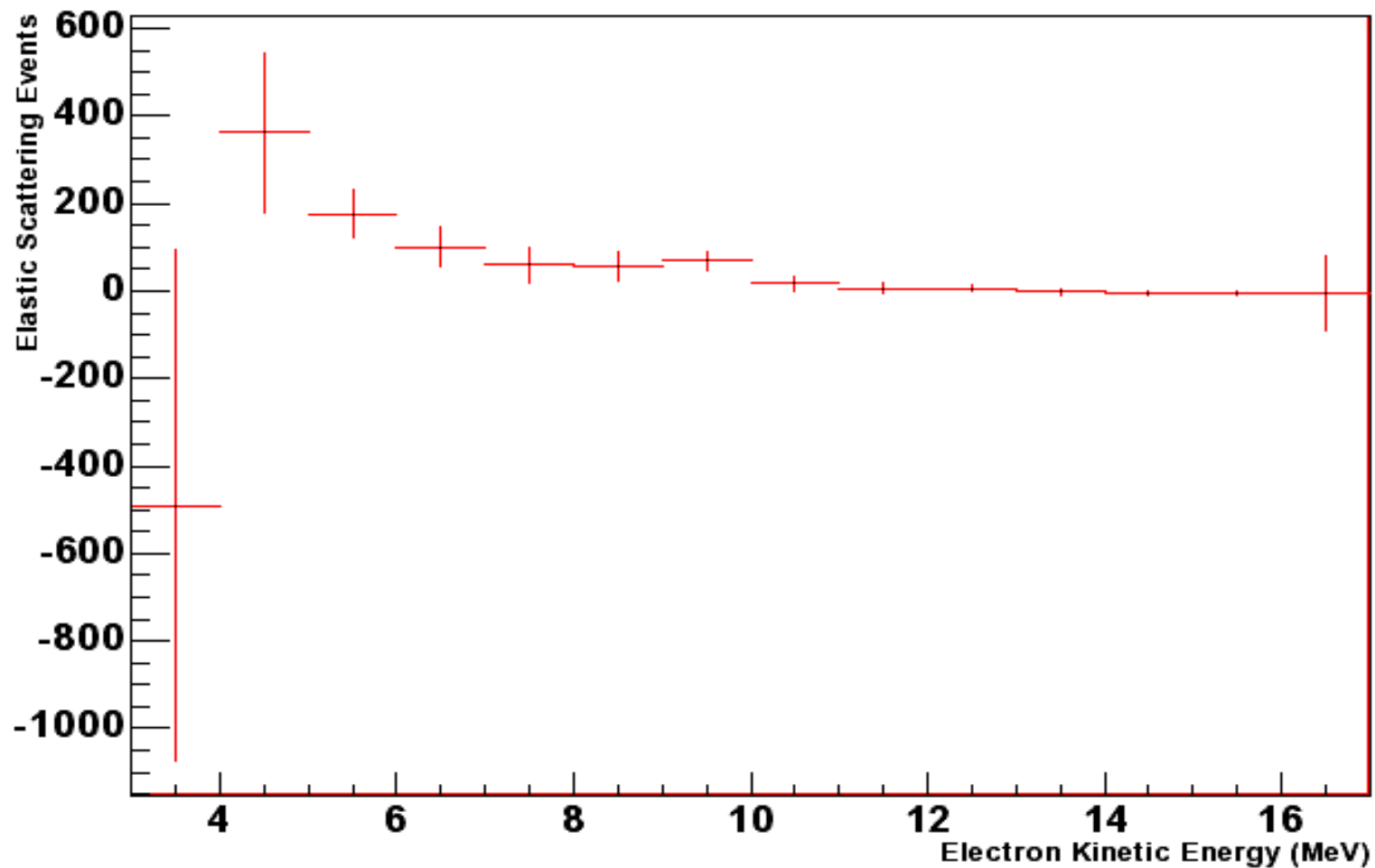
- ES signal has limited range in  $\text{Costhetasun}$  (due to kinematics)
- Assume linear background
- Fit background in ES free region
- Count events above background in signal region



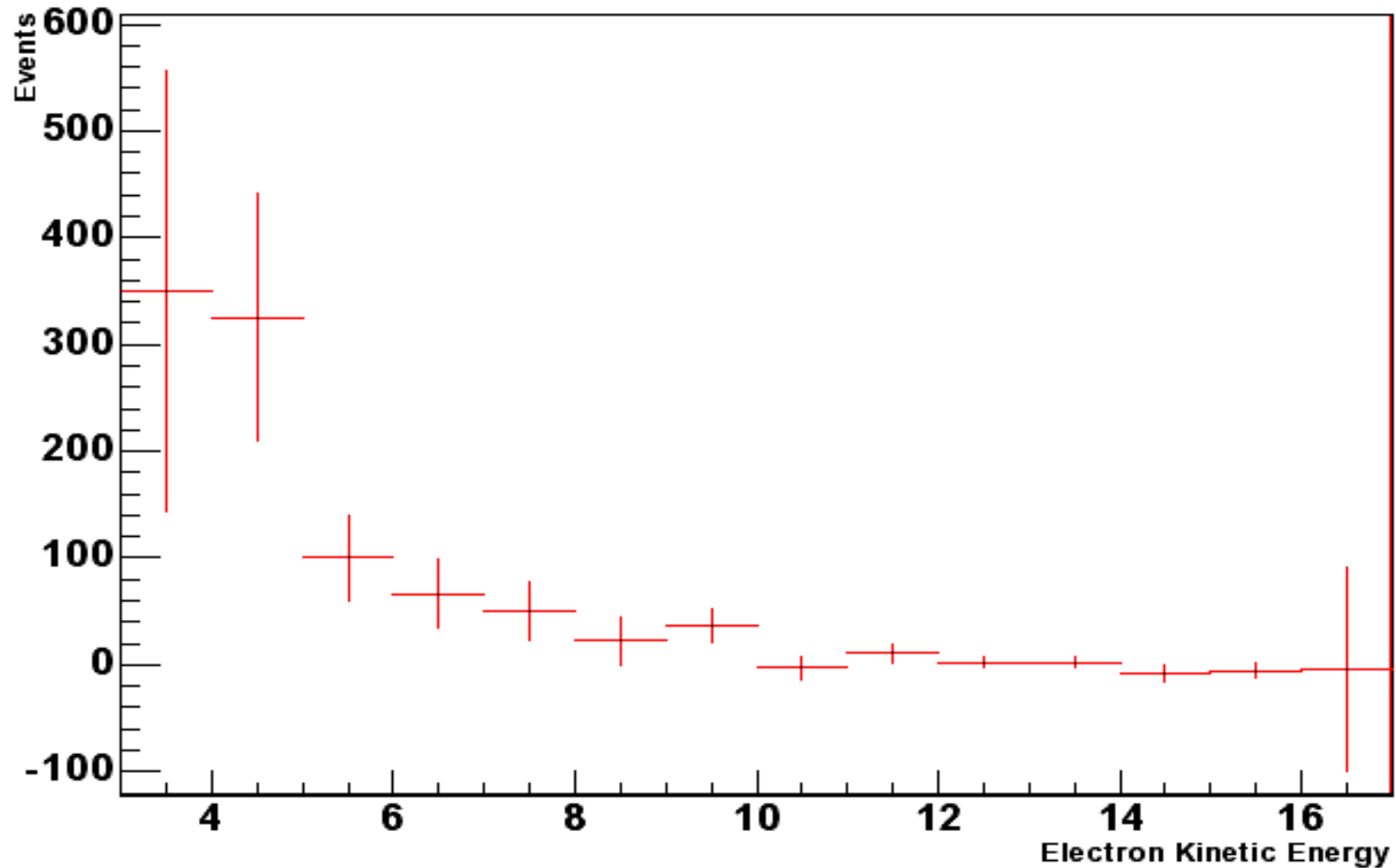
# Spectrum Extracted by Bin Counting

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## Standard Analysis Cuts



## Modified Background Cuts

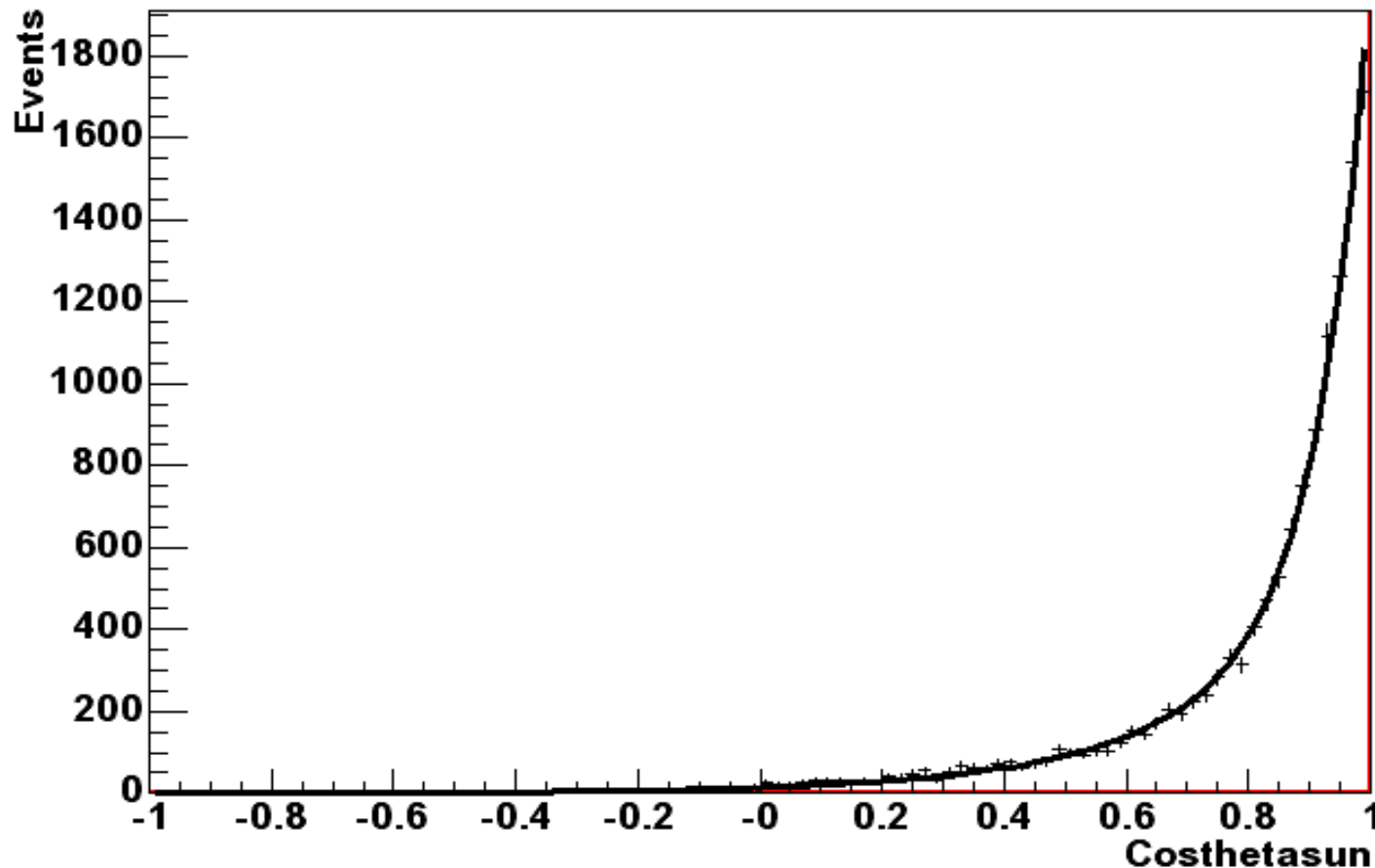


➡ A 2-sigma extraction at 3-4 MeV appears to be possible.

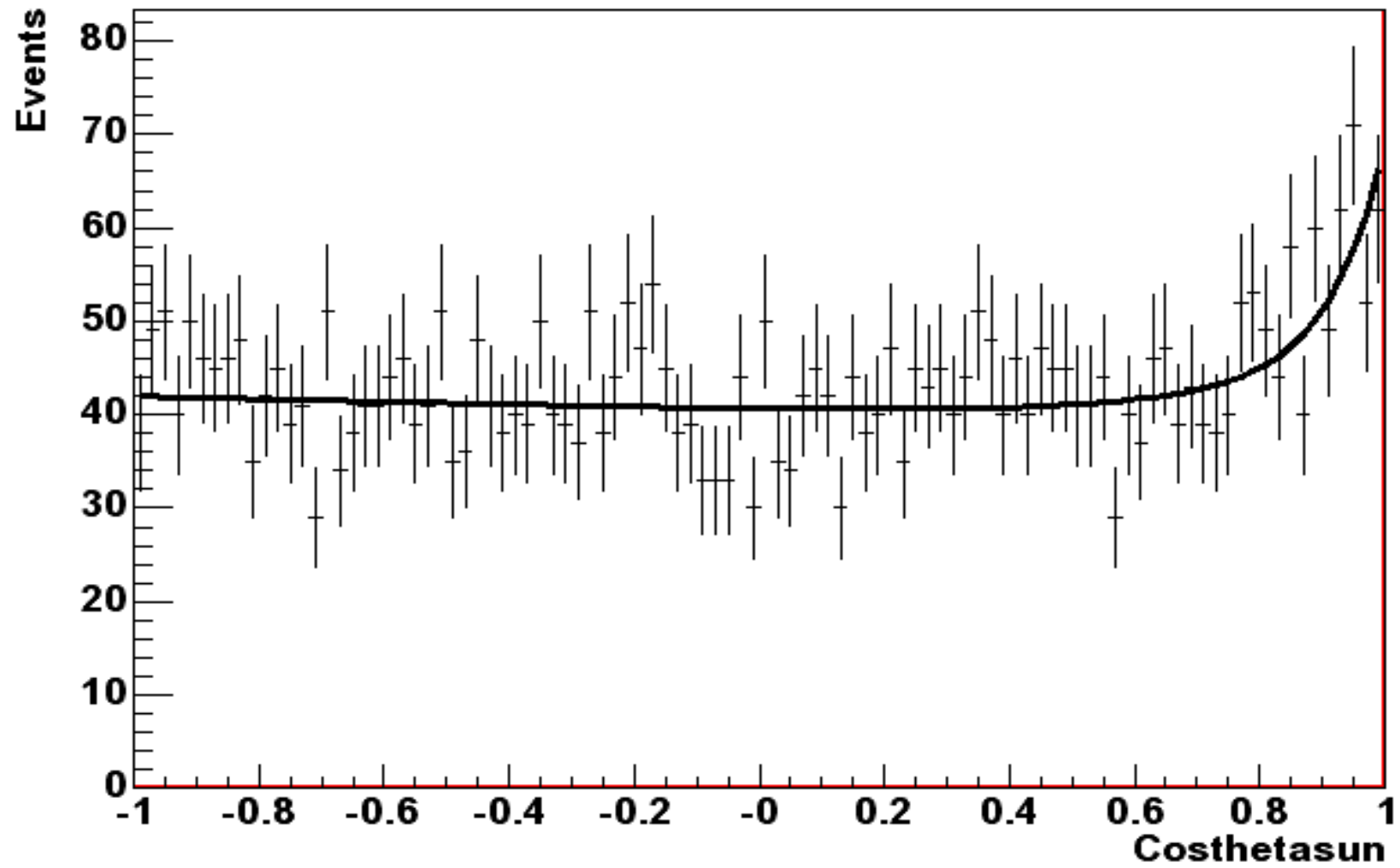
# Signal Extraction Using MC Shape

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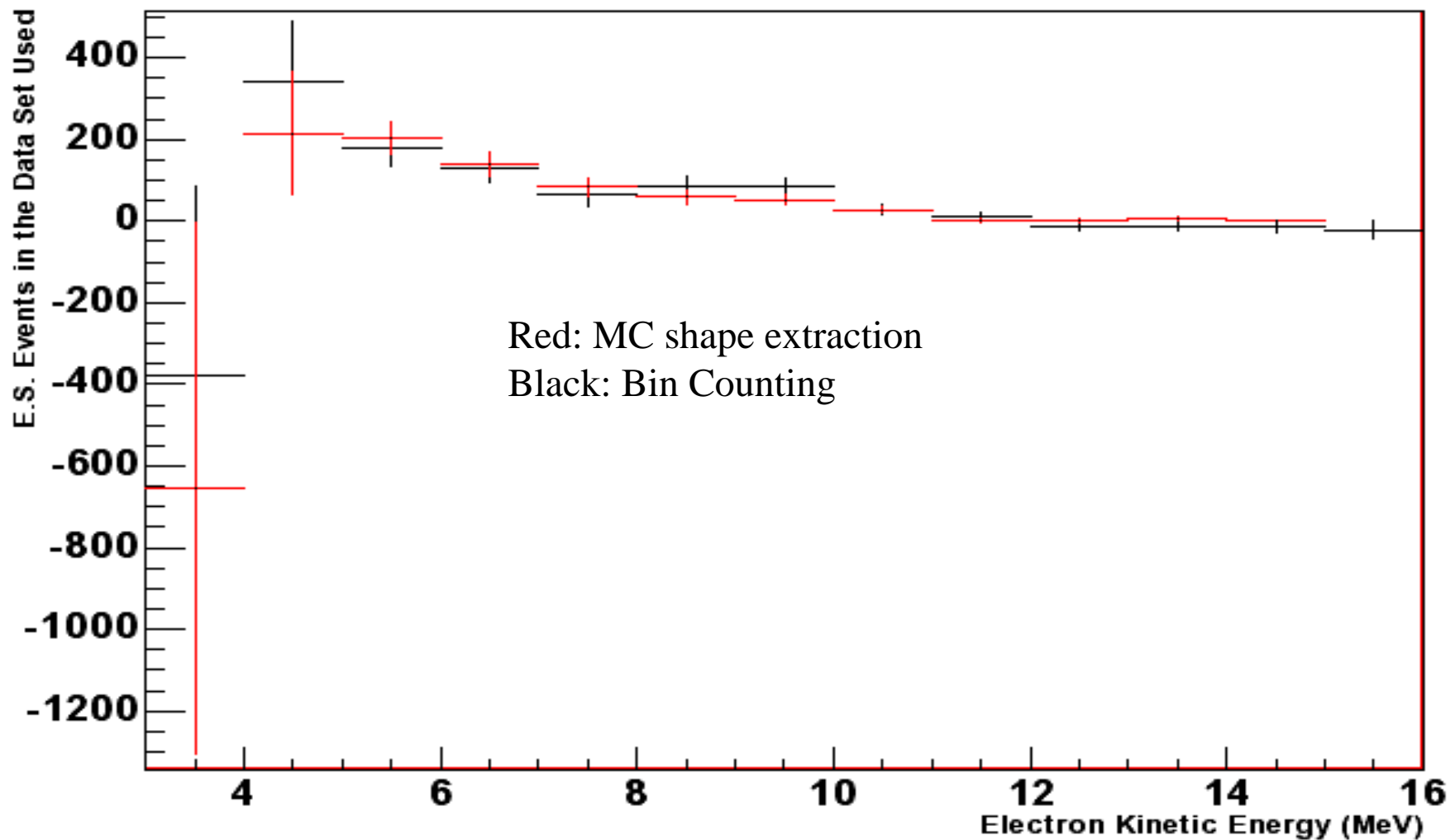
- Large elastic scattering monte carlo
- Determine the ES costhetasun distribution in each energy bin using the MC



- Fit this shape plus a linear background term to the data

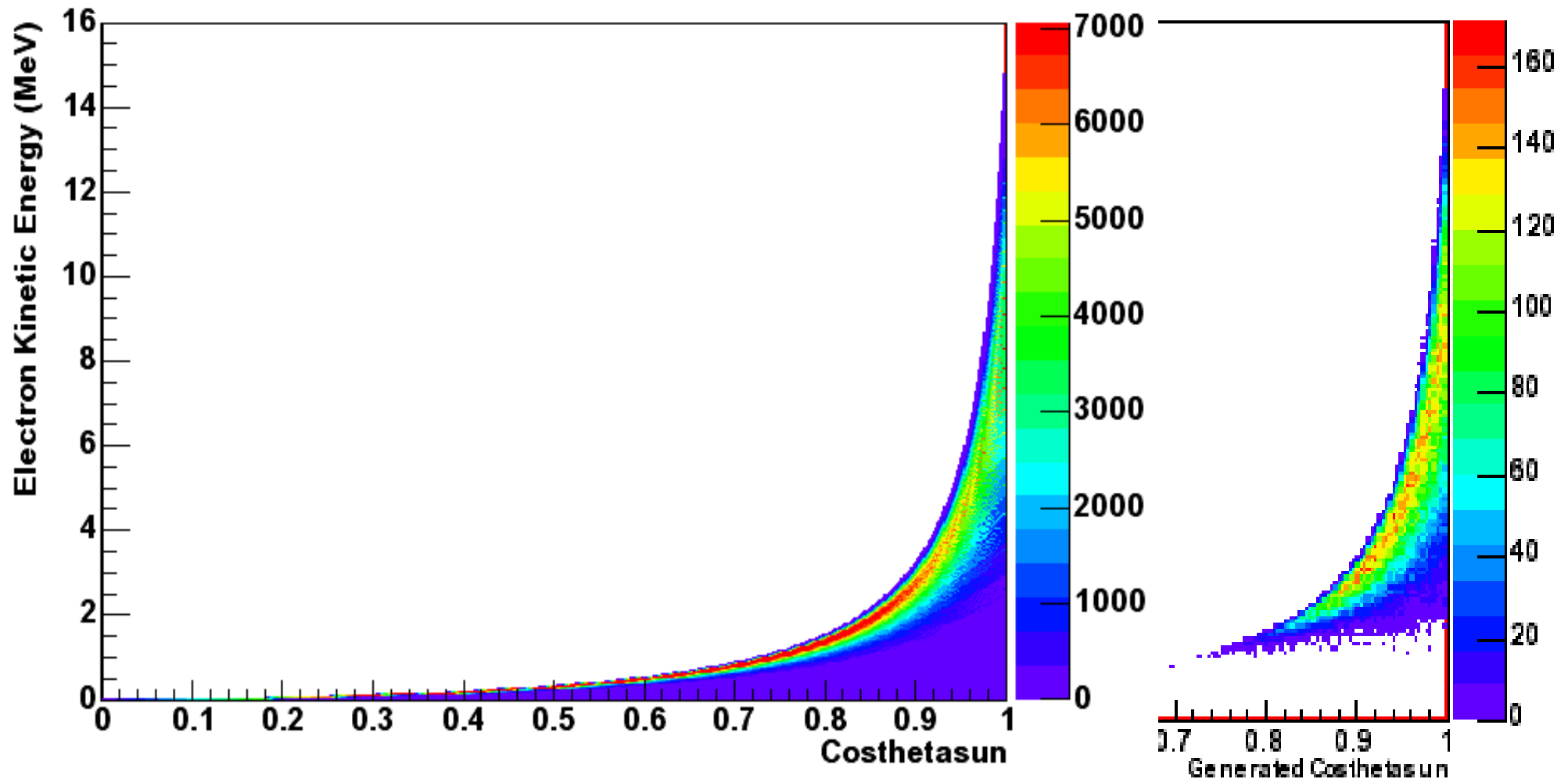


## The Elastic Scattering Spectrum



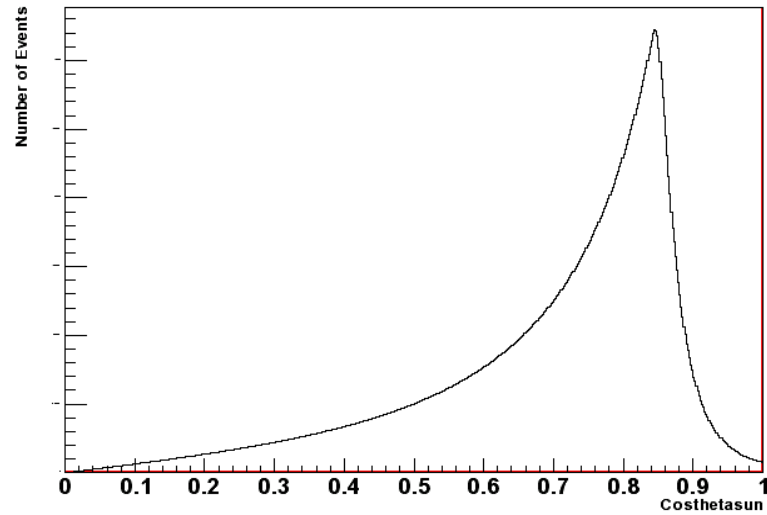
# Interesting Feature of the Elastic Scattering Costhetasun Distribution

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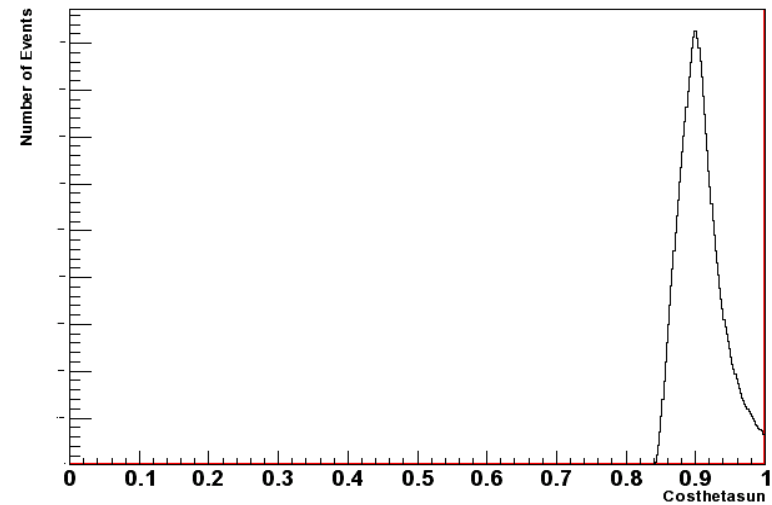


When binned in energy, the ES distribution is not necessarily forward-peaked in  $\cos\theta_{\text{etasun}}$ .

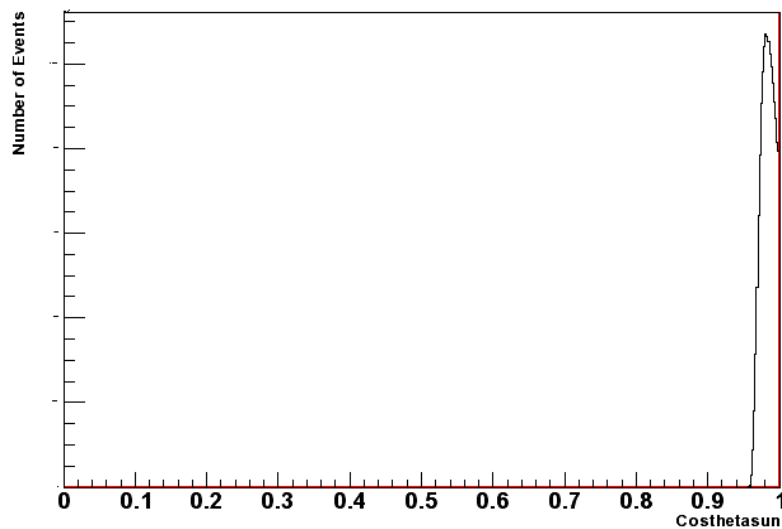
Below 2 MeV



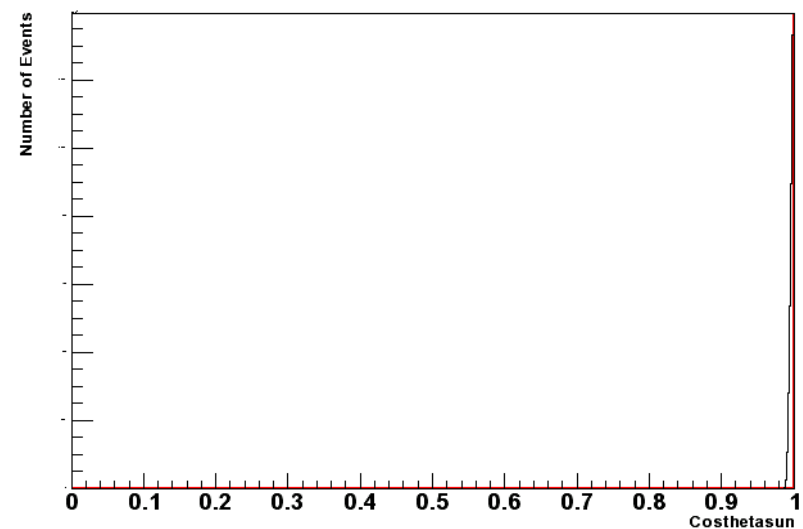
2 - 3 MeV



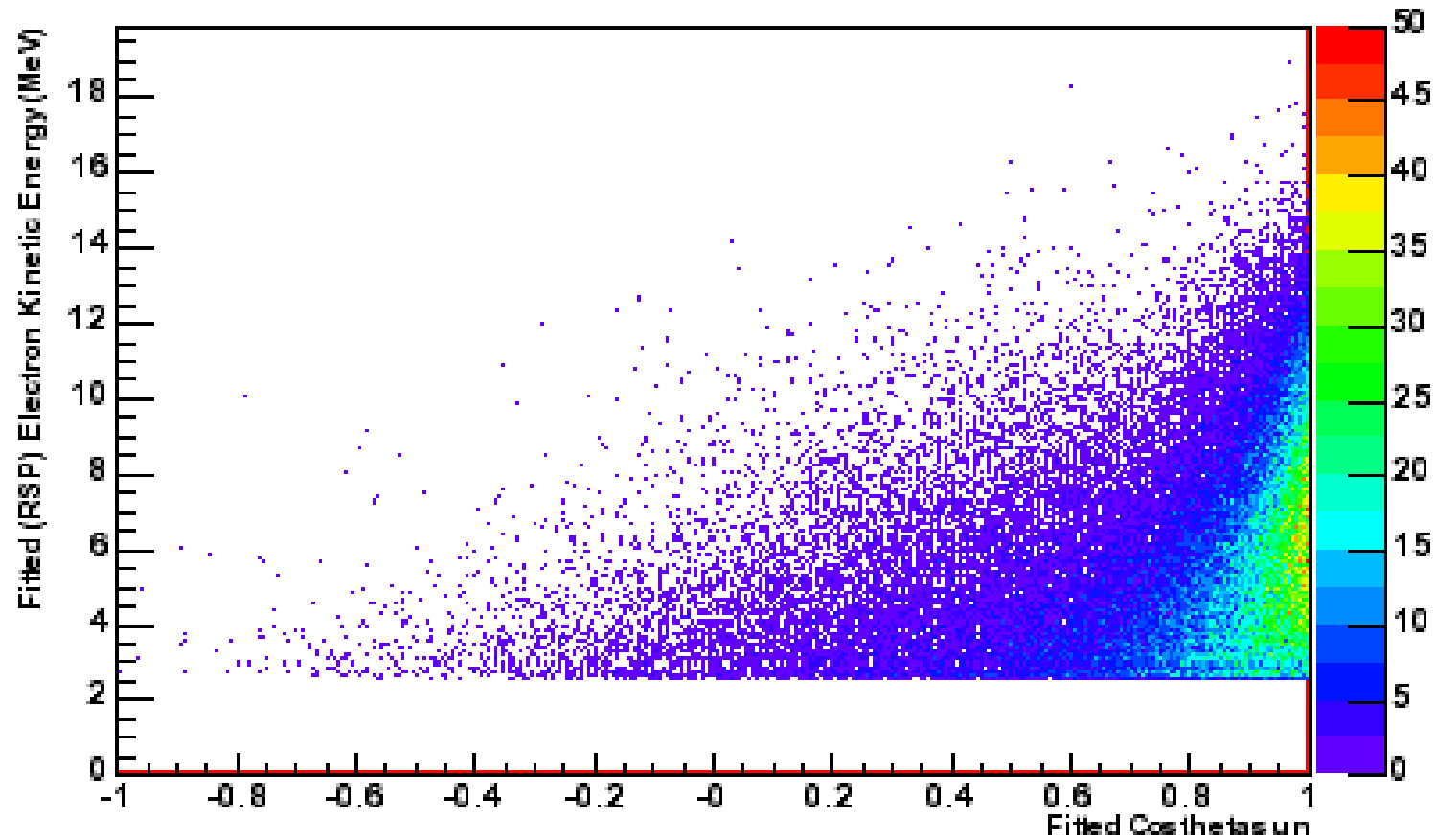
6 - 7 MeV



Above 10 MeV

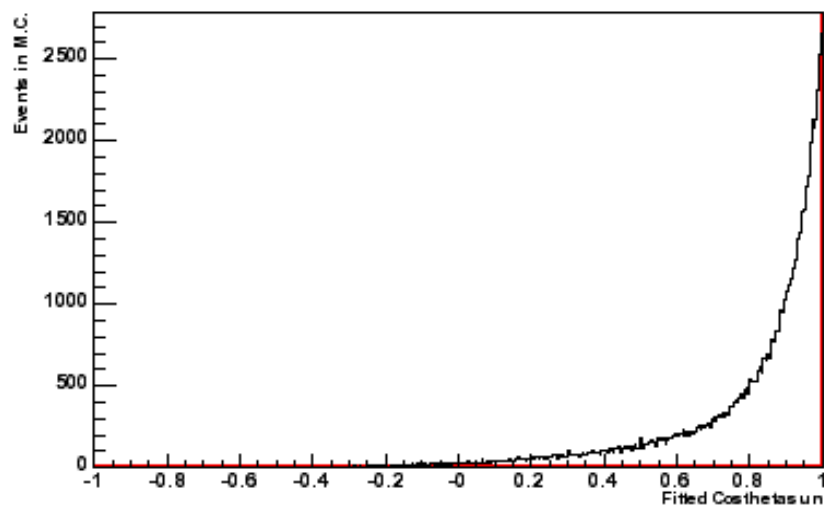


Detector angular response “smears” the costhetasun distribution

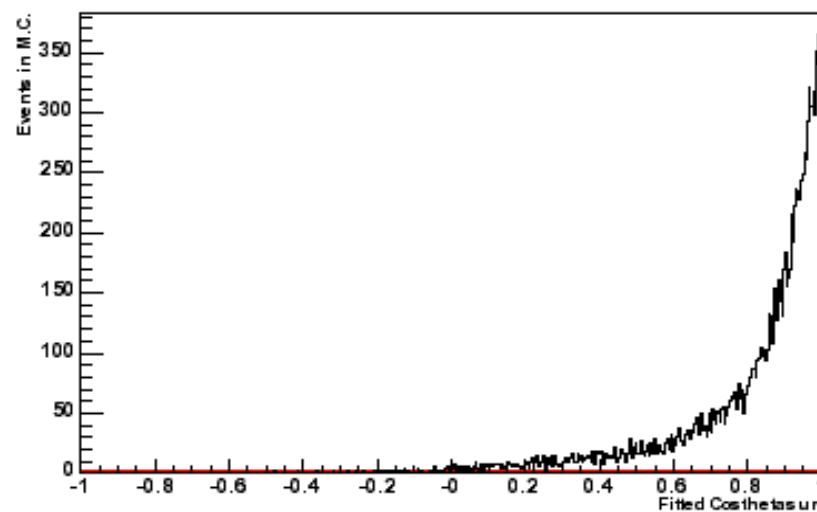


The smearing restores the forward-peaked  $\cos\theta_{\text{CM}}$  distribution.

3 – 4 MeV



5 – 6 MeV



9 – 10 MeV

