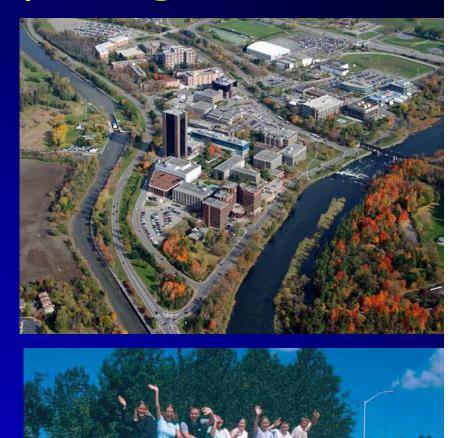
A status report on the EGSnrc and BEAMnrc Monte Carlo packages

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http://www.physics.carleton.ca/~drogers IRRMA6 MacMaster June 22, 2005





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Overview

- an introduction to EGSnrc and overview of recent upgrades
 - port to Windows: MultiPlatform release (Kawrakow et al)
 - CSnrc (Buckley)
 - Multi-Geometry package (Yegin)
 - brachydose code
- an introduction to BEAMnrc and overview of recent upgrades
 - directional brem splitting
 - history by history statistics



The people involved

Iwan Kawrakow







Palani Selvam

Gultekin Yegin



Ernesto Mainegra-Hing Lesley Buckley



A brief history of EGS

EGS3 - 1970s

Ford (a grad student) and Ralph Nelson developed the code for high energy particle physics at SLAC

EGS4 - 1980s

Nelson and Hirayama developed EGS4 for particle physics applications at SLAC in collaboration with Rogers of NRC working on low-energy benchmarking for medical physics applications.

PRESTA - 1986

Bielajew working with Rogers at NRC improved the transport of lowenergy electrons with the PRESTA algorithm as add-on package.

User-codes late 80s, early 90s

DOSRZ, CAVRZ, SPRRZ, FLURZ developed by Rogers and Bielajew. In 2002 Mainegra-Hing developed a GUI for EGSnrc versions



A brief history of EGS (cont)

Low-energy transport-1990s

Hirayama, Namito and Ban at KEK developed EGS4 add-on macros which extended EGS4 low-energy photon physics.

Kawrakow at NRC developed an integrated approach to these same things and implemented them as part of EGSnrc in 2000.

Multiple scattering and electron transport-1990s

Kawrakow and Bielajew developed a new theory of multiple scattering which removed the restrictions of the Moliere theory used prior. Kawrakow implemented a new electron transport algorithm which started from some work done with Bielajew. This is basis of EGSnrc.



A brief history of EGS (cont)

EGSnrc 2000

EGSnrc released, incorporating a multitude of enhancements.

EGSnrcMP (multi-platform) 2003

Kawrakow et al develop a new environment which means EGSnrc works on Windows & Unix/Linux systems. There are GUIs for most operations.

Multi-geometry package - 2003

Yegin develops a general purpose geometry package which retains efficiency with EGSnrc

egspp: the EGSnrc C++ class library -2005

Kawrakow extended EGSnrc to work from C++ user codes and added a C++ package for geometry and source routines



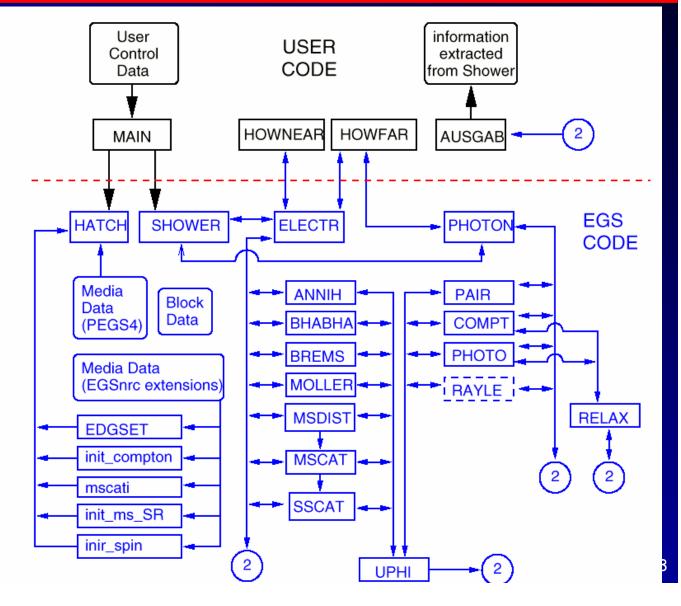
EGSnrc structure (2000)

Code accurate to 0.1% relative to its cross-sections & geometry

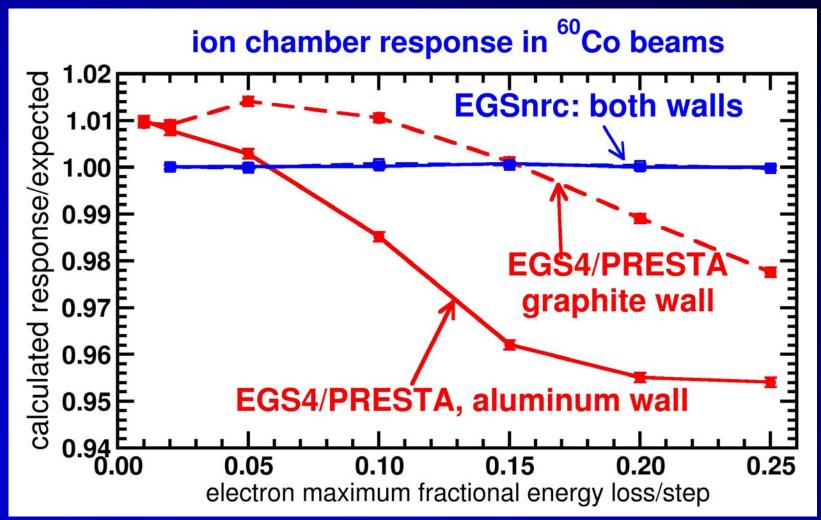
Kawrakow, Med Phys 27 (2000) 485-498 Kawrakow and Rogers, NRC Report PIRS-701,2000,

Carleton

Canada's Capital University

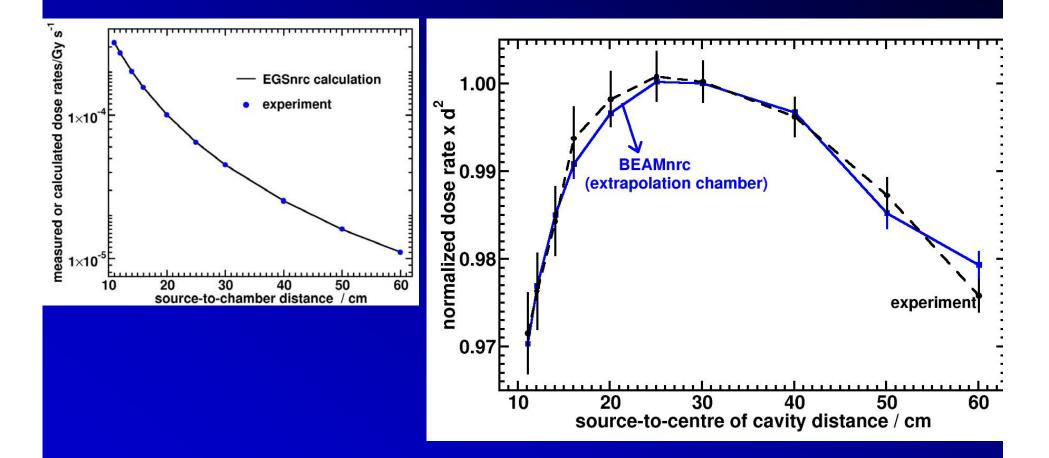


The toughest test: simulated ion chamber response vs result using Fano's theorem





Extrapolation chamber response vs d from ⁹⁰Sr/⁹⁰Y beta source



Selvam et al, in press Med Phys



What is efficiency?

$$\epsilon = rac{1}{\sigma^2 T}$$

T: computing time
o²: variance on quantity of interest
sum of uncertainty²
-fluence in 1x1cm² regions in beam
-dose on central axis or profile

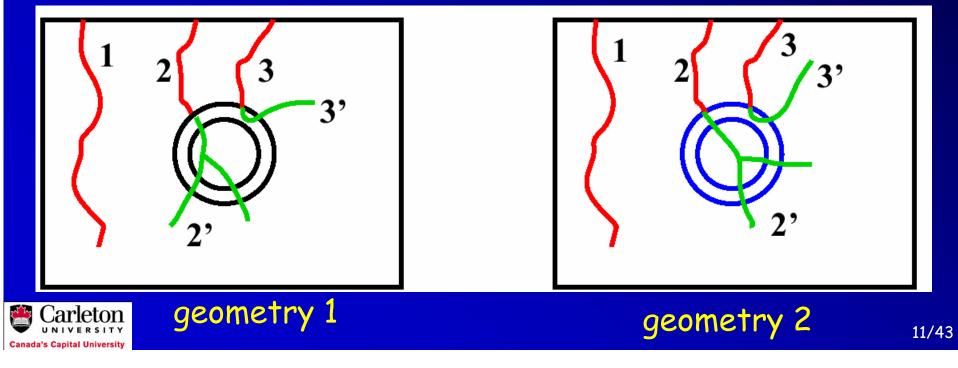


What is correlated sampling?

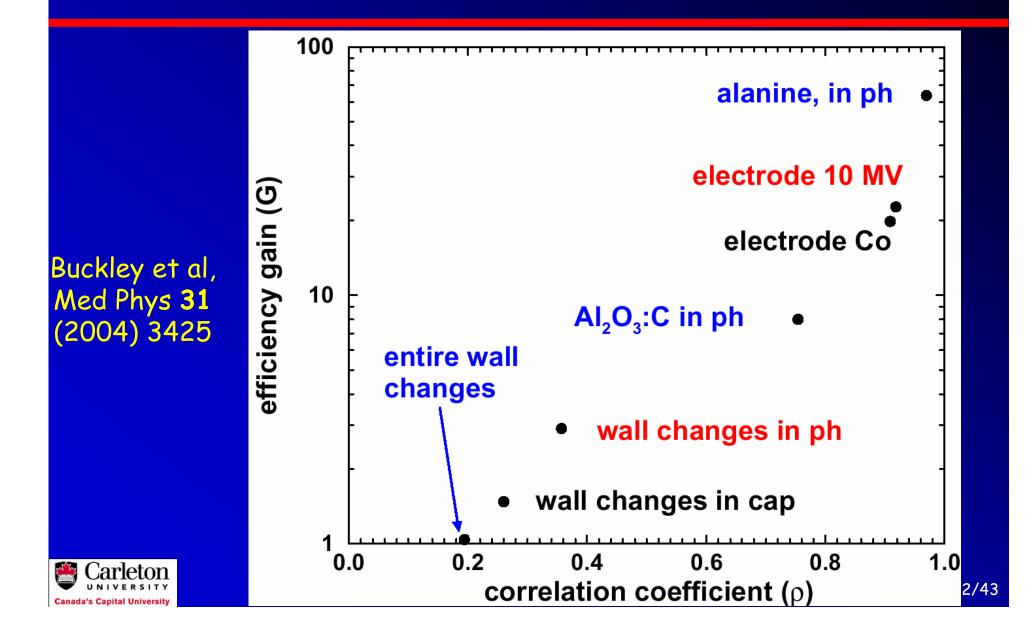
Of use when there are two or more similar geometries in which one wants the ratio of doses

eg: electrodes, TLDs, wall effects, dosimeters in phantom, etc,

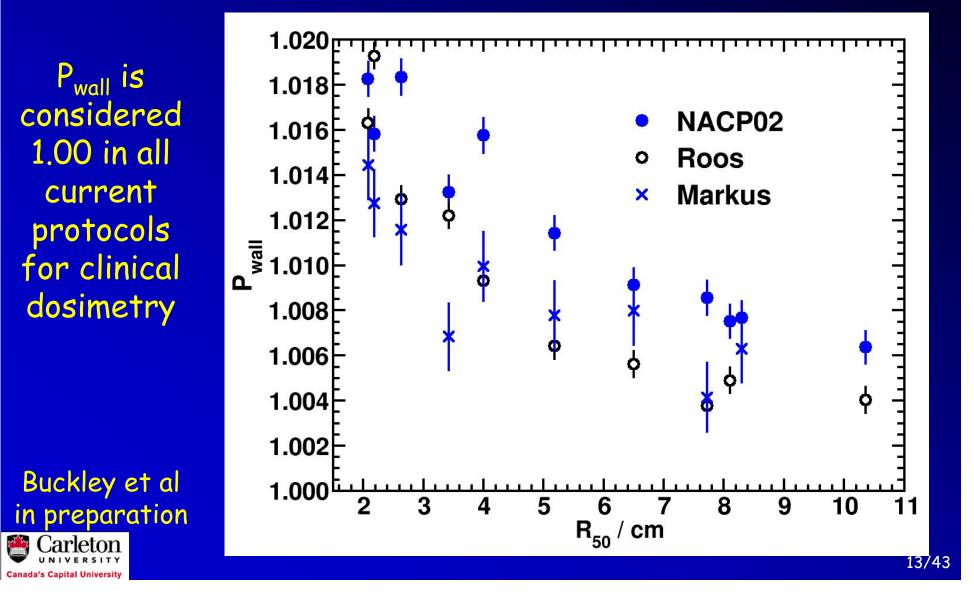
Originally developed by Ma and Nahum for EGS4



efficiency gain vs correlation

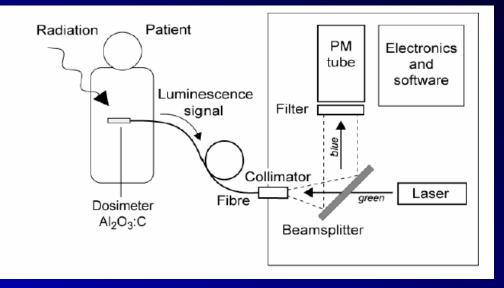


P_{wall} correction for wall effects of clinical plane-parallel chambers in e⁻ beams



Optically stimulated luminescence (OSL) Al₂O_{3:}C in radiation dosimetry





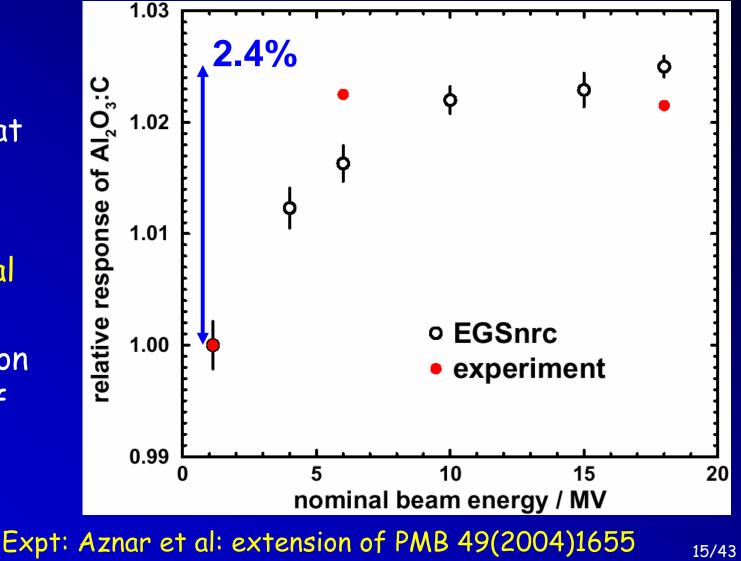
- OSL uses a light source to stimulate luminescence
- small size detector (1 mm³ or 2 mm³)
- sensitive over a wide range of dose & dose rates
- can measure both dose and dose rate in real time



figures from Aznar et al: PMB 49(2004)1655

OSL calculations vs measurement

Results normalized at ⁶⁰Co Preliminary experimental uncertainty estimate is on the order of 1.5%

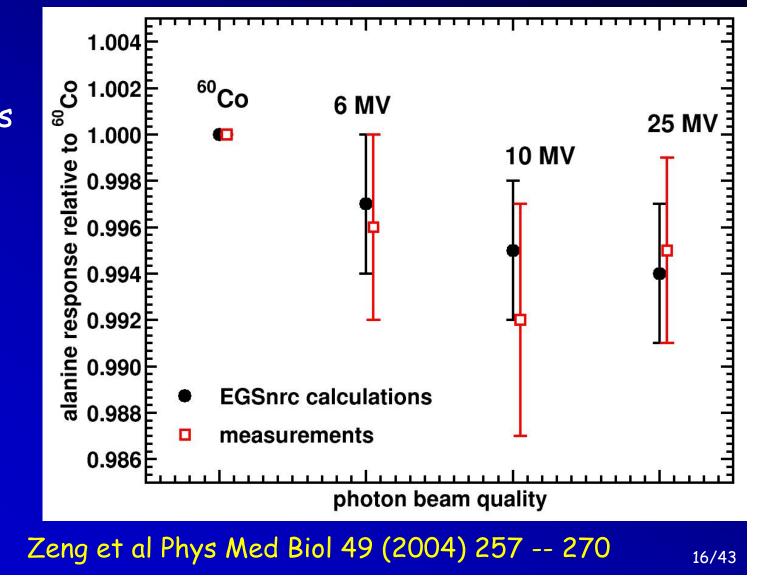




Alanine response in accelerator photon beams

alanine pellets measured against primary standards

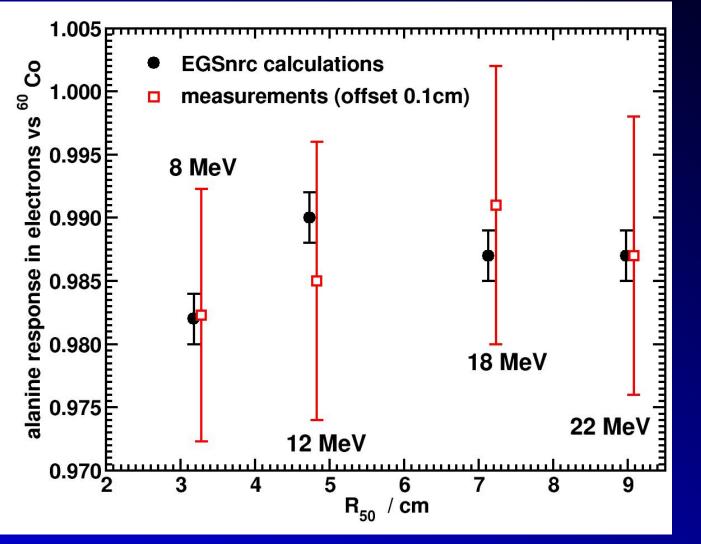
calculations EGSnrc



Alanine response in accelerator electron beams

alanine pellets measured against TG-51 at d_{ref}

calculations EGSnrc



Zeng et al Phys Med Biol 50 (2005) 1119 - 1129 17/43



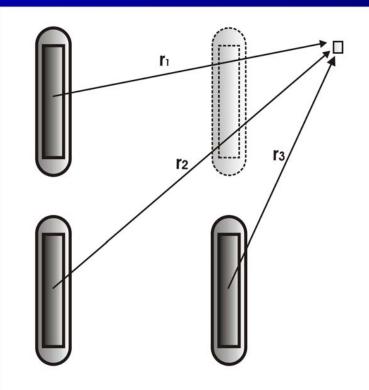
Monte Carlo for brachytherapy

- Gultekin Yegin of Turkey has developed the multi-geometry technique for EGSnrc (NIMB 211 (2003) 331-338)
- we applied it to multiple seeds in a phantom
- using tracklength scoring improves efficiency by a factor 20
- complete calculation, 125 seeds in 1 mm³ voxels takes 12 min for 2% stats on a 2.4MHz P-IV
- code called brachydose



What is the effect of inter-seed shielding?

Inter-seed effects in brachytherapy



 $D'(r,\theta) = D'(r_1,\theta_1) + D'(r_2,\theta_2) + D'(r_3,\theta_3) + \dots$

Standard planning systems ignore self-shielding

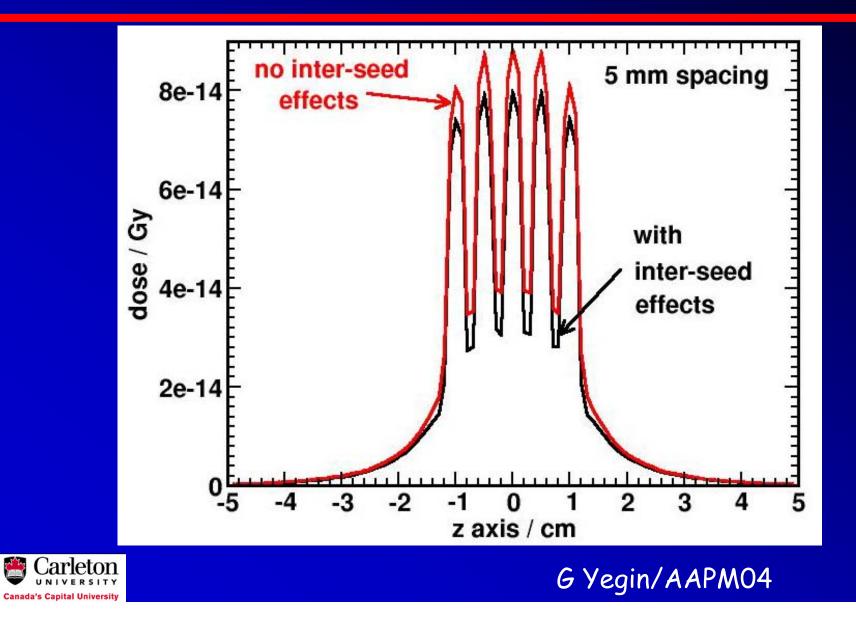
Only a few papers have investigated inter-seed effects.

In those papers, a small number of seeds are used in fixed configurations

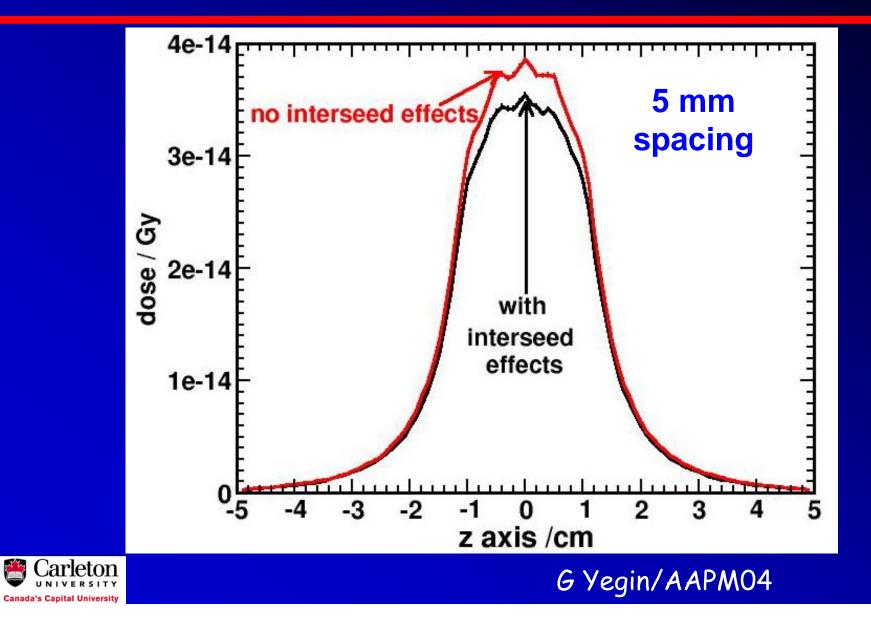




central axis dose for 5mm spacing

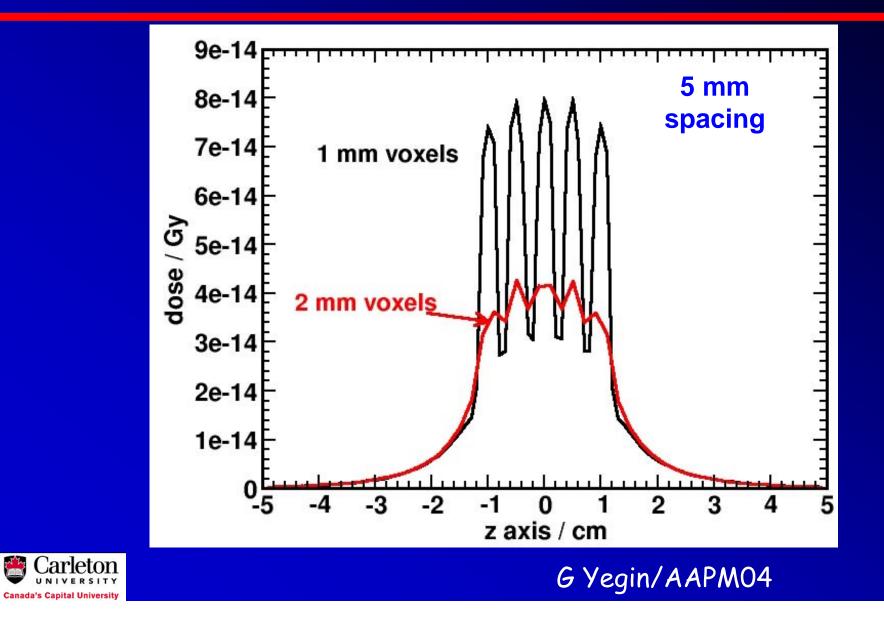


Dose on a line close to central axis



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Influence of voxel size



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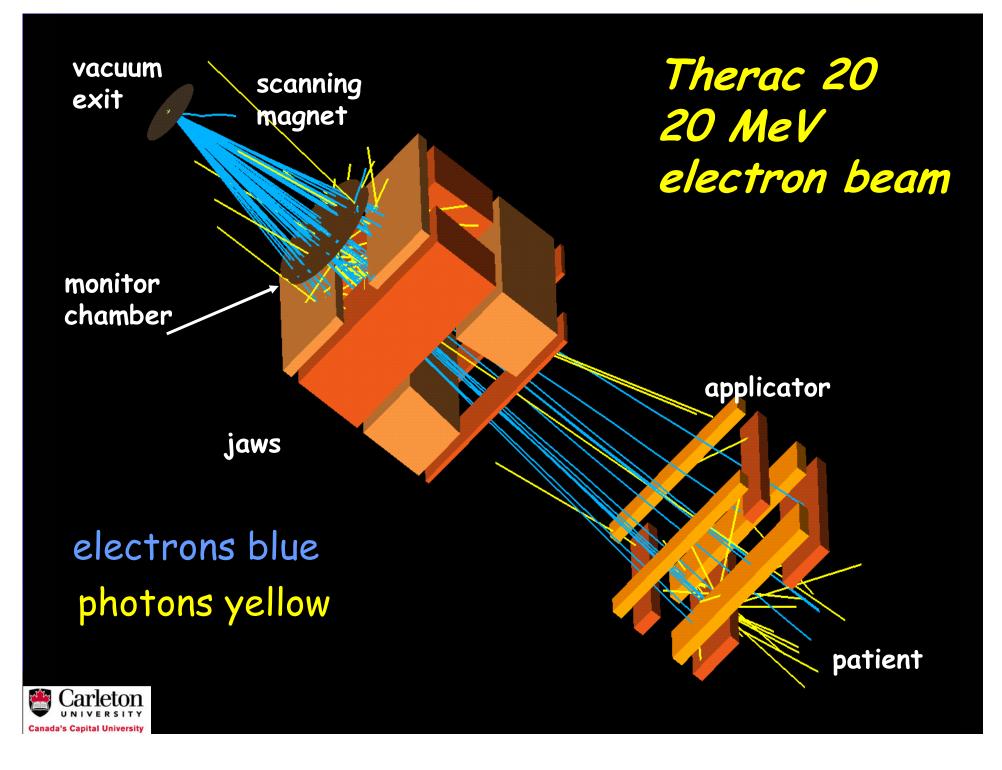
BEAM code

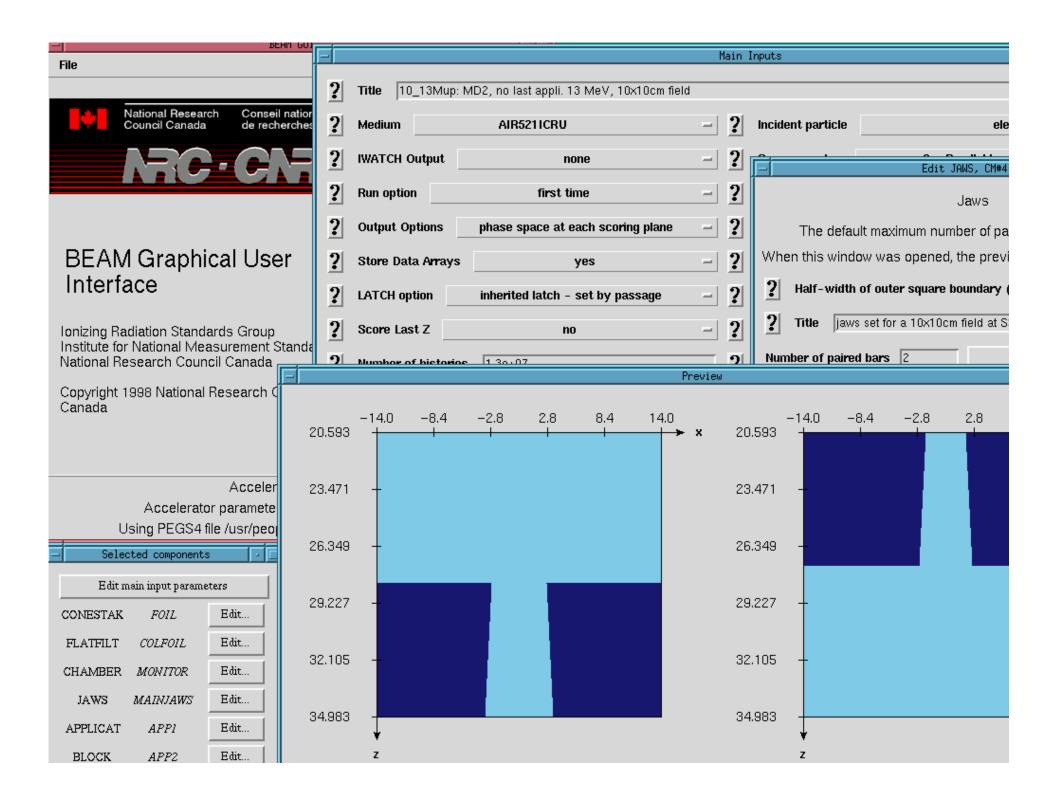
- general purpose code to simulate radiotherapy beams
 - accelerators -electrons & photons
 - ^{60}Co units
 - x-ray units

 Part of the OMEGA project with Rock Mackie's UW group many others involved

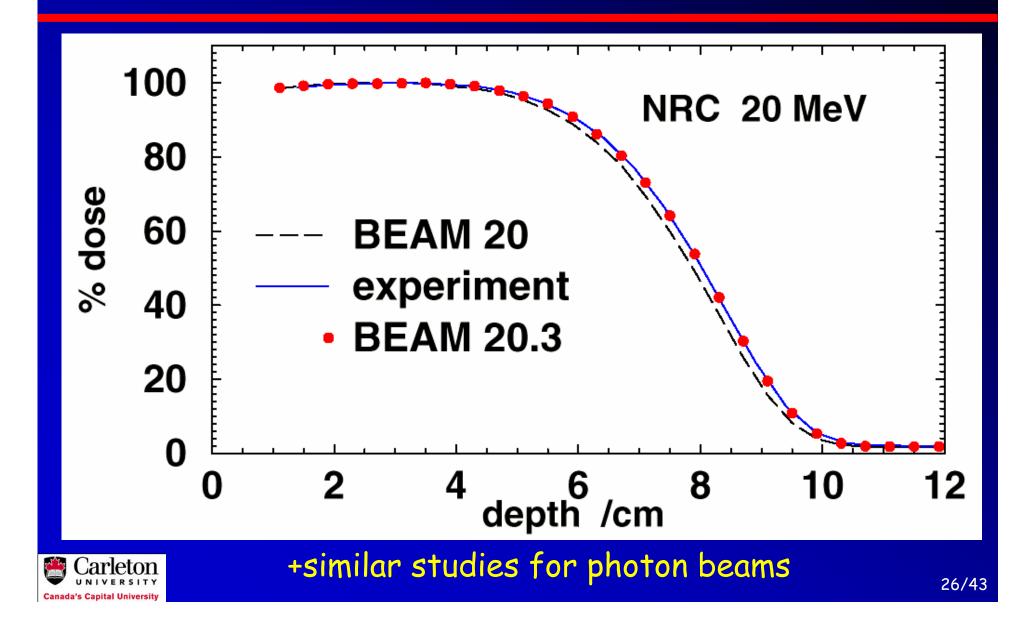
Dave RogersBlake WaltersCharlie MaBruce FaddegonJiansu WeiGeorge DingGeoff ZhangJoanne TreurnietMichel ProulxDaryoush Sheikh-BagheriIwan Kawrakow



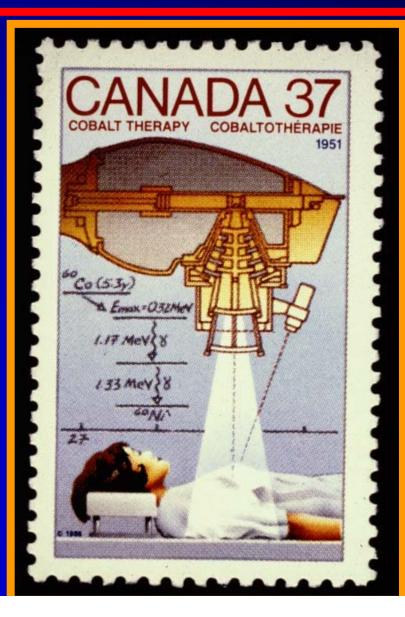




20 MeV NRC depth-dose



60 Co therapy unit

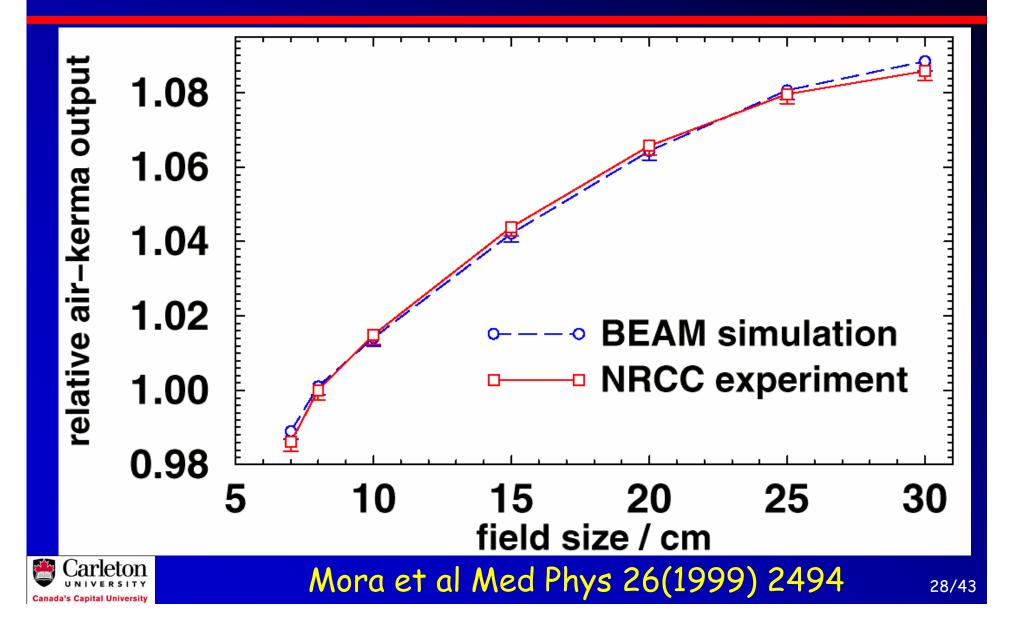


Thanks to Jerry Battista 27/43

Issued June 17, 1988



60 Co output variation vs expt





- accelerator design
- study physics of beams
- dosimetry studies
- beam characterization
 - 1st step to treatment planning
- commissioning accelerators



dose distributions from irradiators

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Efficiency problems to overcome for photon accelerators

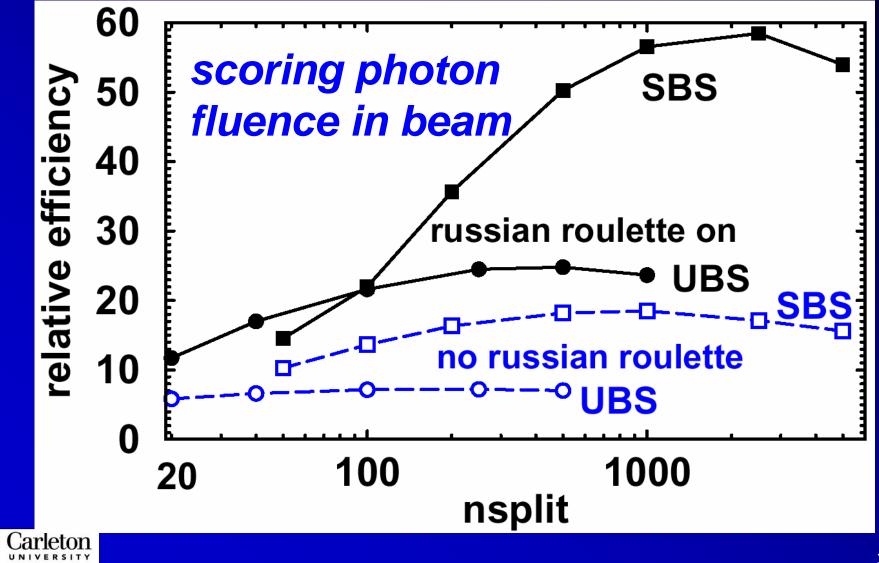
majority of time is spent following electrons
 most photons are absorbed in the primary collimator

-calculations can be very time consuming (note: with no variance reduction BEAMnrc runs about 6 times faster than MCNP, PENELOPE or GEANT4)

> Past approaches within BEAM -uniform brem splitting -selective brem splitting -Russian Roulette



Selective Brem Splitting (SBS)



Canada's Capital University

Directional Brem Splitting (DBS)

-goal: all particles in field when reach phase space have same weight

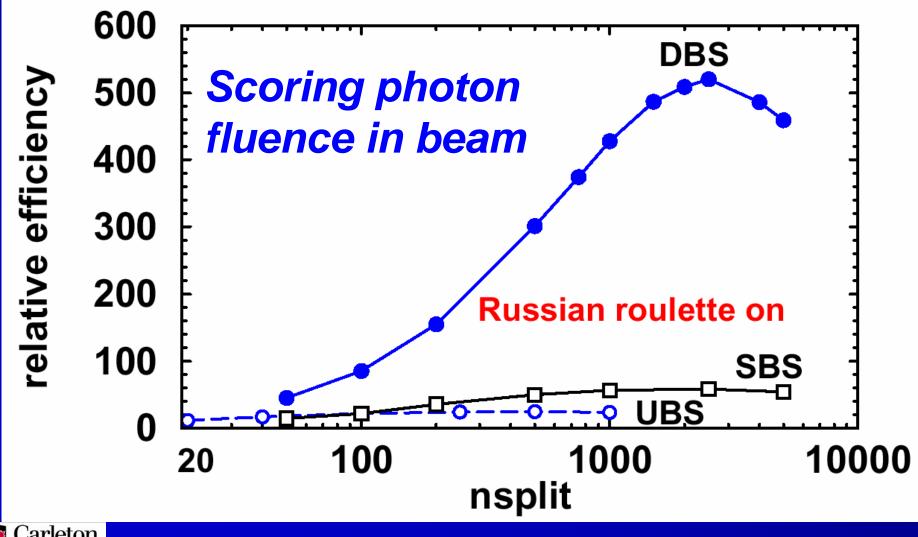
Procedure

i) brem from all fat electrons split nsplit times
ii) if photon aimed at field of interest, keep it, otherwise Russian roulette it: if it survives, weight is 1 (i.e. fat)
iii) if using only leading term of Koch-Motz angular dist'n for brem: do_smart_brems and similar tricks for other interactions (Kawrakow clever coding!)



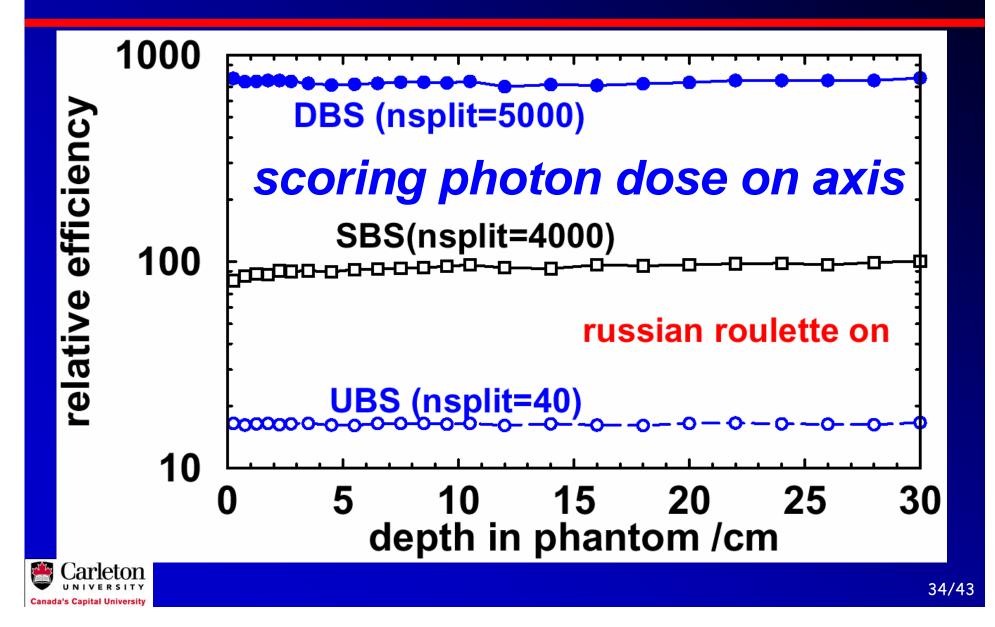
Kawrakow et al Med Phys 31 (2004)2883-2898 32/43

Directional Brem Splitting





Directional Brem Splitting

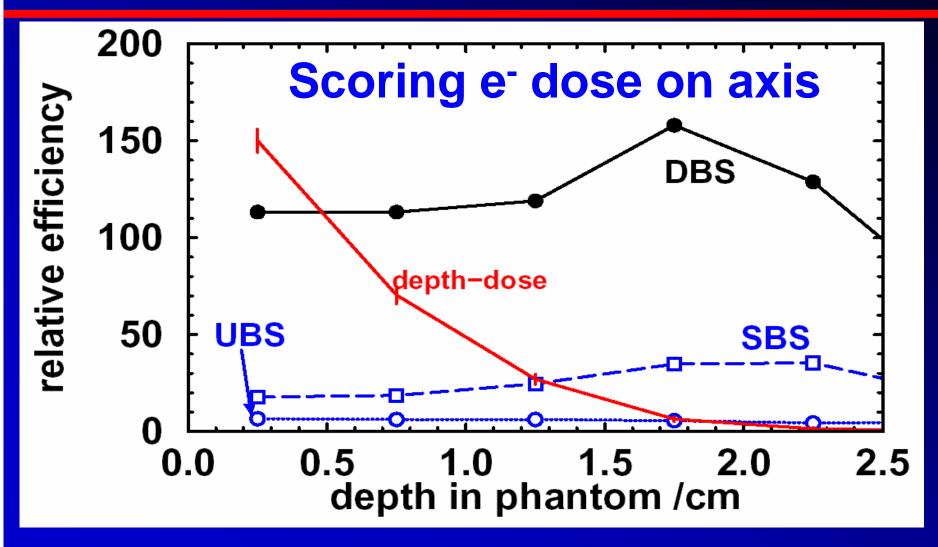


Electron problem

-efficiency gain for electrons is only 2 **Basis of the solution** -electrons are, almost entirely, from flattening filter and below -major gains are from efficient treatment of electrons in primary collimator -so introduce 2 planes near flattening filter base - a splitting plane: split all fat particles -Russian roulette plane: below this turn off RR and split fat photon interactions

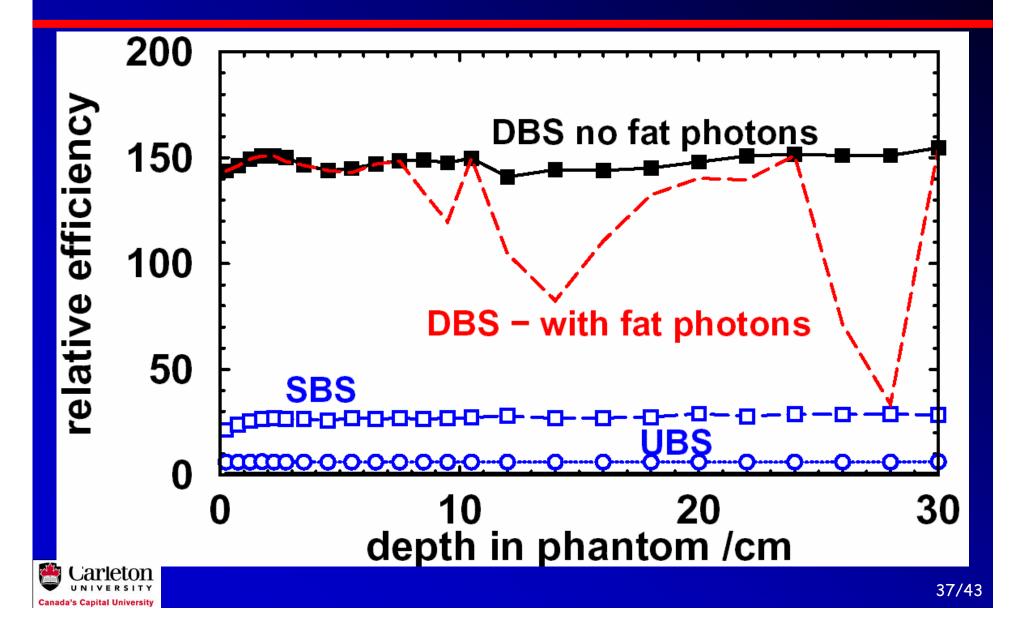


Efficiency increase for e-

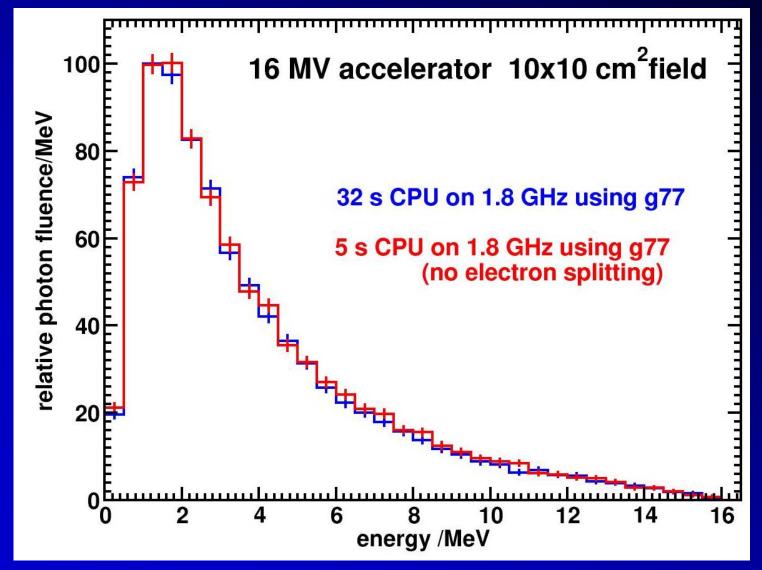




Efficiency: total dose



DBS in action





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New statistical package

Batch method

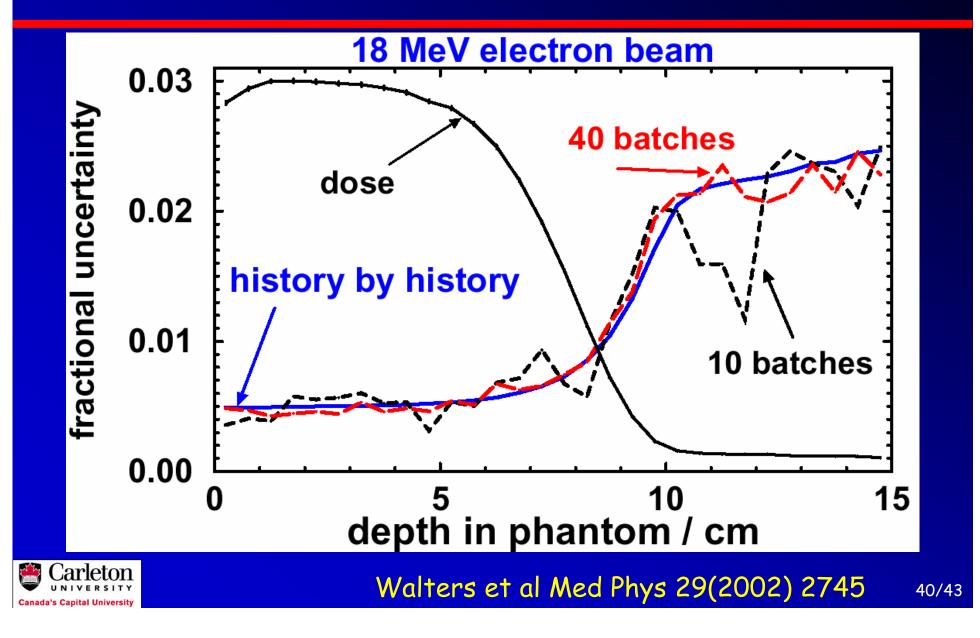
-Break the cal'n into N batches and determine uncertainty by distribution of results for batches -large uncertainty in the uncertainty

History by history method

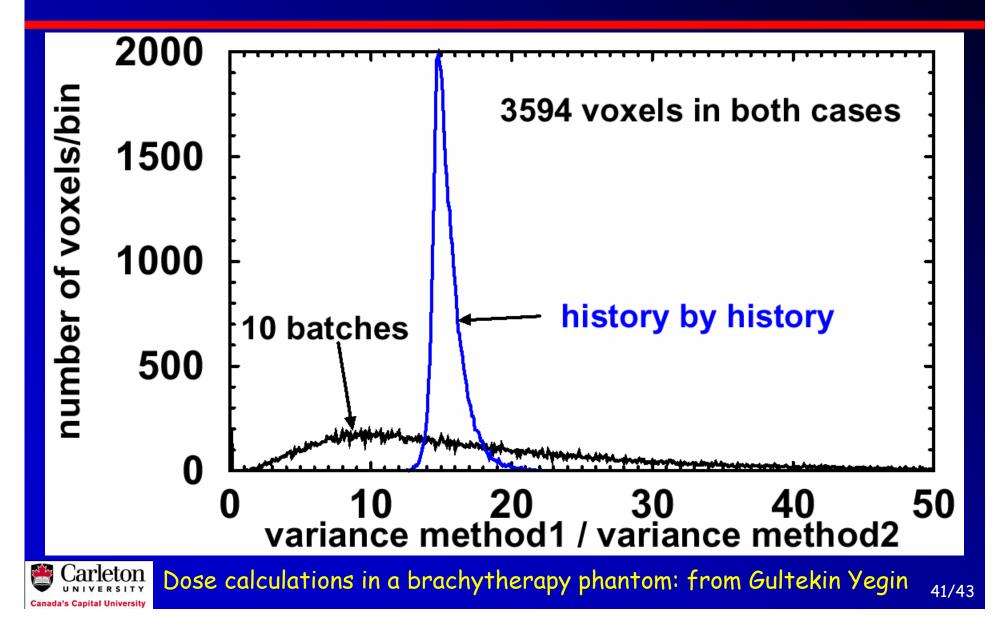
batches = #histories
 -much better estimate
-``trick" of Salvat allows for efficient calculation



History by history technique



Advantage of history by history



Conclusions

- EGSnrc and BEAMnrc codes are powerful tools for many radiation physics problems
- Both are freely available on the web for non-commercial applications
 - both have extensive documentation
- courses are run about 1/yr for BEAM (next in Oct 2005) and about 1/2yr for EGSnrc
 www.physics.carleton.ca/~drogers/BEAM/course/brochure.html



Thanks to

- many, many colleagues who have helped develop the BEAM/EGS codes discussed: Kawrakow, Walters, Mainegra-Hing, Nelson, Ding, Faddegon, Ma, Zhang, Mackie, Bielajew, Sheikh-Bagheri, Proulx + many users reporting bugs (sometimes patches!)
- Gultekin Yegin for slides and collaborating on brachydose
- Lesley Buckley for her data on correlated sampling



Jerry Battista for good slide of the stamp